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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/614,394	07/03/2003	John Melideo	J000-P0363US	5950	
33356	7590 01/03/2006		EXAMINER		
SoCAL IP LAW GROUP LLP 310 N. WESTLAKE BLVD. STE 120			BAUTISTA, XIOMARA L		
WESTLAKE VILLAGE, CA 91362			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		2179		
			DATE MAILED: 01/03/2006	DATE MAILED: 01/03/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

ň		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/614,394	MELIDEO, JOHN		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
,		X L. Bautista	2179		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any i	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES are not so time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
· · · —	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 No. This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Exercise 1.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicati 9)□ 10)□	Claim(s) 1-6,11-17,22-28 and 33 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-6,11-17,22-28 and 33 is/are rejected Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oa	vn from consideration. d. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
•	·				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some color None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2) D Notice 3) D Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) · No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 11-17, 22-28 and 33 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Double Patenting

2. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 1-6, 11-17, 22-28 and 33 are provisionally rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-27 of copending
 Application No. 10/840,889. This is a <u>provisional</u> double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1, 2, 5, 12, 13, 16, 23, 24, 27 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Carl Dichter* (WO 00/05679) and *Sassin et al* (US 6,249,576 B1).

Claims 1, 5, 12, 16, 23, 27 and 33:

Dichter discloses a system that recognizes characters displayed on a television or computer screen, scans the character information for desired patterns associated with contact information, and then the information can be stored or an immediate contact may be implemented (abstract; page 1-2). Dichter explains that the system can capture images containing contact information (such as telephone numbers) and then they can be manipulated to facilitate contact with another party (page 2, lines 11-31; page 3, lines 3-32). A selected contact information may be used to make contact; a dialer may be automatically activated to call the stored telephone number (page 4, lines 5-23). The computer includes images having contact information in an image or graphics mode; the contact information may be included as part of an Internet web page (page 2, lines 19-21). Dichter does not teach sending a data trigger to a switch to initiate a telephone call. However, Sassin discloses a system and method for establishing a connection between a first and a second communication device using a computer that is configured to dial telephone

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numbers to set up calls for a second telephone (abstract; col. 1, lines 59-67; col. 2, lines 1-2; col. 3, lines 34-45). Sassin teaches an establish-connection command signal having instructions for directing the computer to dial the first telephone number to establish the connection between the first communication device and the second communication device (second telephone); the connection being triggered from the server and established from the computer. Sassin explains that the server is configured to transmit the establish-connection command signal to a telephone switch (col. 2, lines 15-50). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Dichter's method to include Sassin's teaching of sending a data trigger to signal to a telephone switch to initiate a call because the system allows users to select a telephone number from a computer and to connect to the called party without having to make a separate telephone call.

Claims 2, 13 and 24:

See claim 1. Dichter instructions to display the data unit (p. 2, lines 19-31; p. 3, lines 15-32).

5. Claims 3, 4, 6, 14, 15, 17, 24, 25 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Dichter/Sassin* and *Giordano, III* (US 6,870,828 B1).

Claims 3, 14 and 25:

Dichter/Sassin does not teach data units are part of a file and that only a

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portion of the file is displayable. However, Giordano discloses a method of scanning data units (web documents), recognizing, displaying, and accessing telephone numbers appearing on the data unit (web page). The method has a parsing algorithm that recognizes telephone numbers and coding that is added to iconify the telephone numbers, the icons being selectable by a user to place a call (embedding objects to allow initiation of telephone calls). Giordano teaches that the telephone numbers are conspicuously rendered by including a button surrounding the number (attachments between displayed telephone numbers and telephone call initiation), font appearance, underlining, or highlighting (col. 2, lines 8-28; col. 3, lines 4-15, 37-49, 57-65; col. 4, lines 20-27). Giordano teaches that the data unit (web page) is part of a file (col. 3, lines 25-32) and that only portions of the file may be displayed (col. 3, lines 33-43). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time of invention to modify Dichter/Sassin's method to include Giordano's teaching of displaying only portions of a file because users are provided only with the necessary information; this is especially convenient for those users having small portable devices having a small screen.

Claims 4, 15 and 24:

See claim 3. Giordano teaches that the data units may include text, hyphens, parenthesis, spaces, etc. (col. 3, lines 64-67) and non-displayable data such as data associated with the telephone number (stored corresponding name or address) and the code, link or associated data that enables initiation of a call (col. 2, lines 7-45).

Claims 6, 17 and 28:

Dicther/Sassin does not teach a display attribute comprising a distinctive color, underlining, or a distinctive font. However, Giordano discloses a method of recognizing, displaying, and accessing telephone numbers appearing on a web page. The method has a parsing algorithm that recognizes telephone numbers and coding that is added to iconify the telephone numbers, the icons being selectable by a user to place a call. Giordano teaches that the telephone numbers are conspicuously rendered by including a button surrounding the number, font appearance, underlining, or highlighting (col. 2, lines 8-28; col. 3, lines 4-15, 37-49, 57-65; col. 4, lines 20-27). Thus, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify Dicther/Sassin's method of providing contact information to include Giordano's teaching of rendering contact information because it facilitates selection and provides enhancement of contact information for quick identification of telephone numbers.

Claims 11, 22 and 33:

See claim 1. Giordano teaches embedding the objects (telephone numbers) in the data units (web page), the objects including hooks (icon, link) for allowing initiation of telephone calls (col. 2, lines 22-28, 31-46; col. 4, lines 20-27).

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from

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the examiner should be directed to X L. Bautista whose telephone number is (571) 272-4132. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:00AM-6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on (571) 272-4847. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571. 273-8300.

7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

X L Bautista

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2179

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December 22, 2005